## **Physics Practical -Vernier Calliper**

Aim: To find the thickness of the given hollow cylinder using a Vernier Calliper.

## Procedure:

- 1. Determine the Least Count of the Vernier Calliper.
- 2. Determine the Zero Error of the Vernier Calliper.
- 3. Find the outer Diameter of the given hollow cylinder using the given Vernier Calliper.
- 4. Take a minimum of 5 different readings at different positions of the cylinder.
- 5. Find the inner Diameter of the given hollow cylinder using the given Vernier Calliper.
- 6. Again take a minimum of 5 different readings by rotating the hollow cylinder.
- 7. Determine the thickness of the hollow cylinder.

## **Observations**:

Pitch = 1 Unit / Number of divisions in the Unit = \_\_\_\_\_

Pitch = \_\_\_\_\_

Least count = Pitch / Number of Vernier Scale divisions =

Least count = \_\_\_\_\_ (1)

Zero Error = \_\_\_\_\_ (2) Correction = \_\_\_\_\_

Determine the outer Diameter of the hollow cylinder:

Observed Reading = Main Scale Reading + Vernier Scale Reading Corrected Reading = Observed Reading + Correction

<u>Reading</u> Number	<u>Main Scale</u> <u>Reading</u>	<u>Vernier Scale</u> <u>Reading</u>	<u>Observed</u> <u>Reading</u>	<u>Corrected</u> <u>Reading</u>
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

Average outer Diameter of the hollow cylinder = \_\_\_\_\_ (3)

Determine the inner Diameter of the hollow cylinder:

Observed Reading = Main Scale Reading + Vernier Scale Reading Corrected Reading = Observed Reading + Correction

Reading Number	<u>Main Scale</u> <u>Reading</u>	<u>Vernier Scale</u> <u>Reading</u>	<u>Observed</u> <u>Reading</u>	<u>Corrected</u> <u>Reading</u>
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				

=\_\_\_\_\_

Average inner Diameter of the hollow cylinder = \_\_\_\_\_ (5)

## **Conclusion**:

Thickness of the hollow cylinder = (Outer Diameter - Inner Diameter)/2

The thickness of the hollow cylinder is \_\_\_\_\_ (7)